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This is a summary of my slides on wealth tax for a presentation at the World Bank this morning but they may not represent all I actually said: I tend to go off piste, especially when speaking last, as I did.

Tax COOP at the World Bank
Winning the Tax Wars
Wealth Taxation

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Any tax requires at least 5 things:

- * Economic justification
- * A definition of the tax base
- * An ability to find the tax base
- * And to prove who owns it
- * And then go out and collect the cash

The economic justification for taxing wealth

- * There is growing inequality
- * It is now accepted inequality imposes a cost
- * At the same time every state accepts it has the duty to protect private property
- * But not all share in the benefit of doing so equally: some tread very lightly on the world's wealth
- * The justification for a wealth tax is then that it's a charge on the rent wealth enjoys from the protection the state provides to it

The tax base must be simple

- * It has to be as wide as possible - there is no room for exemptions
- * It has to be by self declaration
- * It has to be backed by the right of the state to acquire an asset at its declared value — which would be nothing in the case of under-declared wealth

The important thing wealth tax is now possible

- * Because of automatic information exchange there is a real prospect of finding wealth now
- * And if we get beneficial ownership data then we will know who owns it
- * And that means there is a real chance of collecting payment

The world has changed in a remarkably short period of time

- * Tax havens are being cracked open
- * The world is aware of the danger of inequality
- * Piketty's dream does not look so unrealistic after all
- * Wealth can no longer run from tax authorities
- * It may be mobile, but it can no longer hide
- * We can, then, for the first time tax wealth
- * It is my suggestion that we should